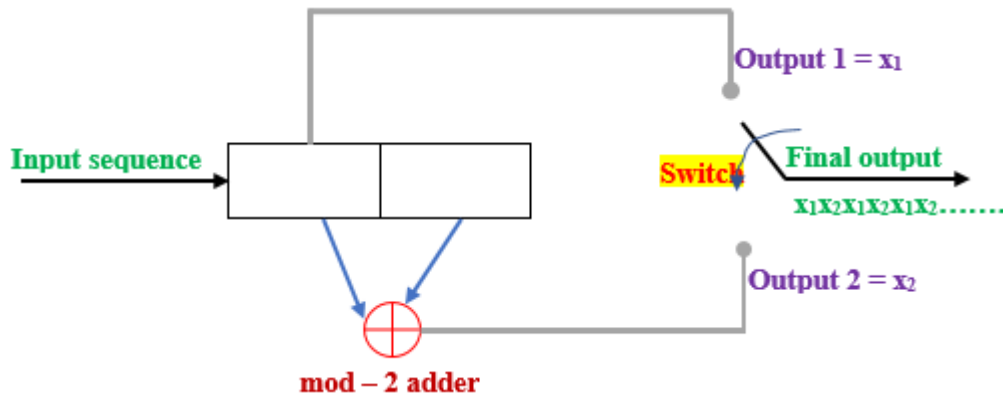


## Homework Questions - Convolutional codes

**Q1.** Below figure depicts a rate  $\frac{1}{2}$ , constraint length  $K = 2$ , convolutional encoder. Sketch the tree diagram, the trellis diagram and the state diagram.

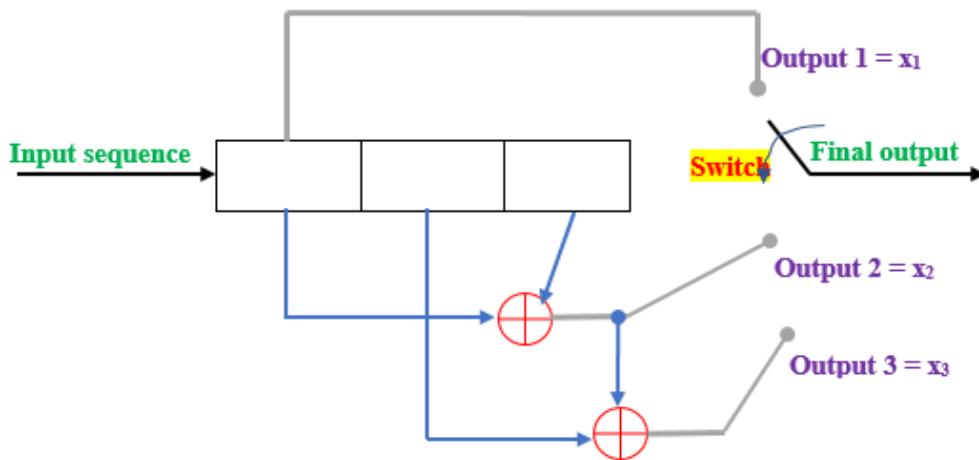


**Q2.** The convolutional encoder has the following generator sequences each of length 3.

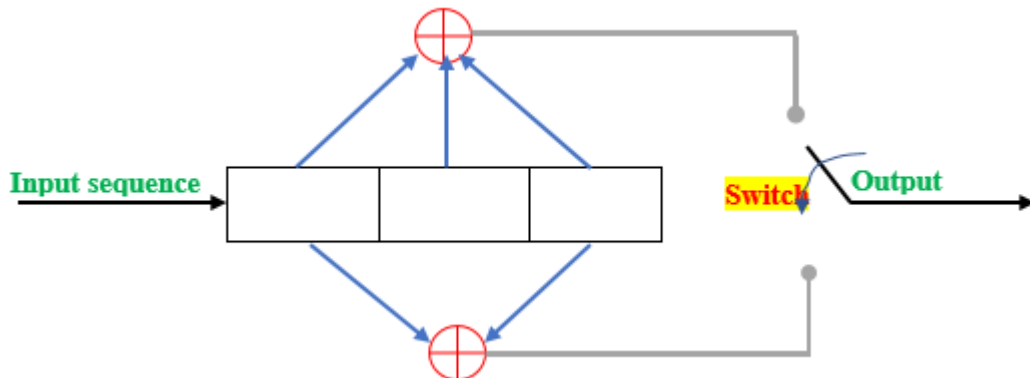
$$(g_0^{(1)}, g_1^{(1)}, g_2^{(1)}) = (1, 1, 1) \qquad (g_0^{(2)}, g_1^{(2)}, g_2^{(2)}) = (1, 0, 1)$$

Determine the encoded sequence for the following input message  $m = 100101$

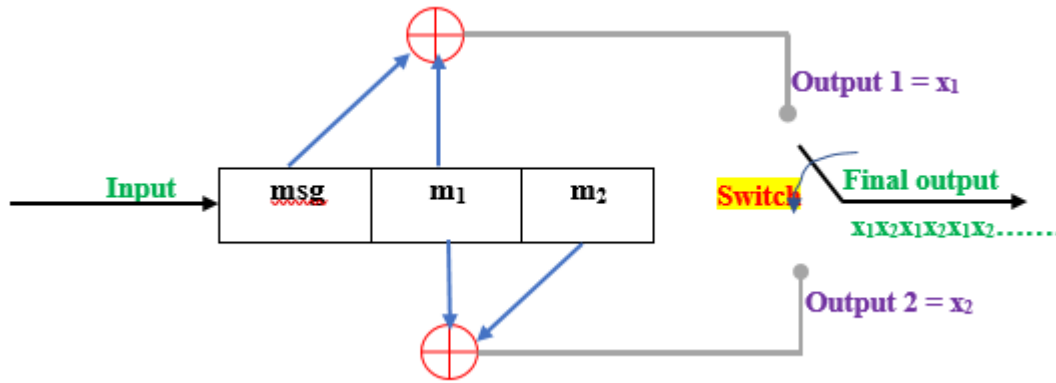
**Q3.** The block diagram of a binary convolutional encoder is shown below. Draw the state diagram for the Code.



**Q4.** A rate  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $L = 3$  binary convolutional encoder is shown in below figure. Draw the Tree, Trellis and State Diagrams.



**Q5.** Draw the State diagram for the convolutional code generated by the encoder shown below.



**Q6.** Determine the state and trellis diagram for a convolutional encoder with  $L = 2$ , code rate  $R = 1/3$  and generator sequences given by the following polynomials:

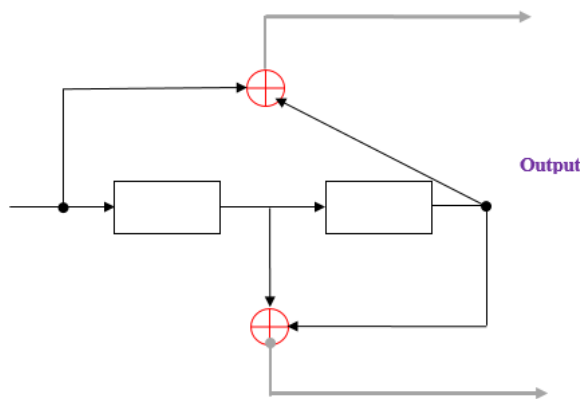
$$g^{(1)}(D) = D + D^2 \quad g^{(2)}(D) = 1 + D \quad g^{(3)}(D) = 1 + D + D^2$$

**Q7.** A binary convolutional error correcting code has  $k = 1$ ,  $n = 3$ ,  $K$  (constraint length) = 2 and

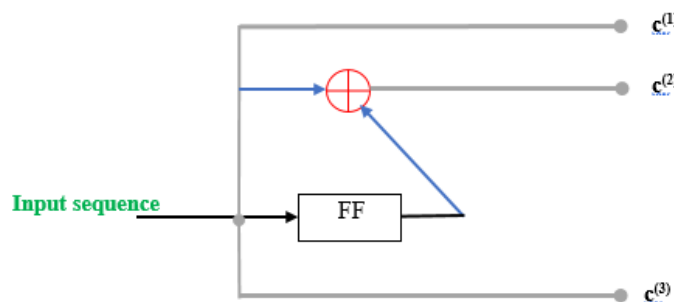
$$g^{(1)}(D) = 1 + D^2 \quad g^{(2)}(D) = D \quad g^{(3)}(D) = D + D^2$$

Draw the encoder circuit and its Trellis diagram

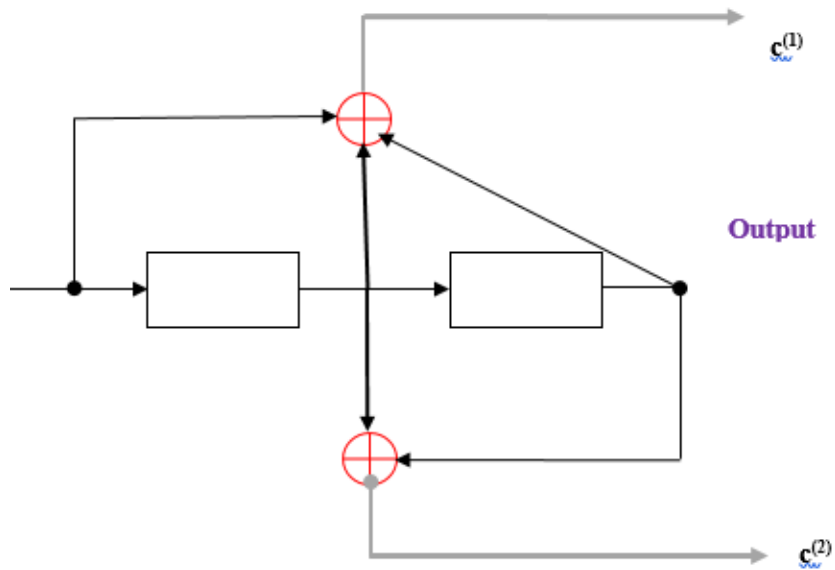
**Q8.** For the convolutional encoder shown in below figure,  
 a. Determine the generator polynomials of the encoder  
 b. Determine the coded output for the input message  $m = (101)$



**Q9.** Draw the trellis diagram of the binary convolutional encoder given in below figure for which code rate  $R = 1/3$



**Q10.** Draw the trellis diagram of the binary convolutional code generated by the below encoder

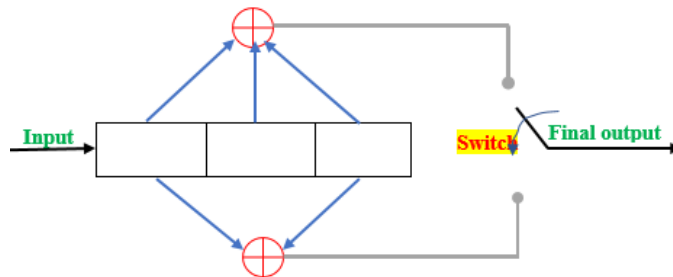


**Q11.** Consider the (3, 1, 2) convolutional encoder with

$$g^{(1)} = (110) \quad g^{(2)} = (101) \quad g^{(3)} = (111)$$

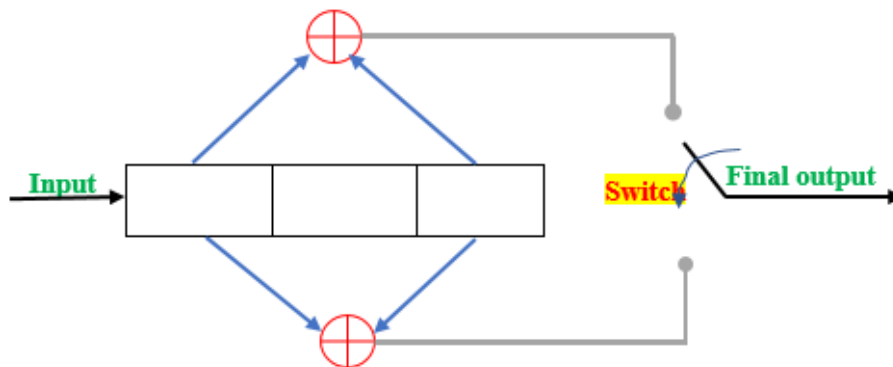
- Draw the encoder block diagram.
- Find the codeword corresponding to the information sequence  $m = 11101$

**Q12.** Draw the state diagram, tree diagram and trellis diagram for the convolutional encoder characterised by the block diagram in below figure:

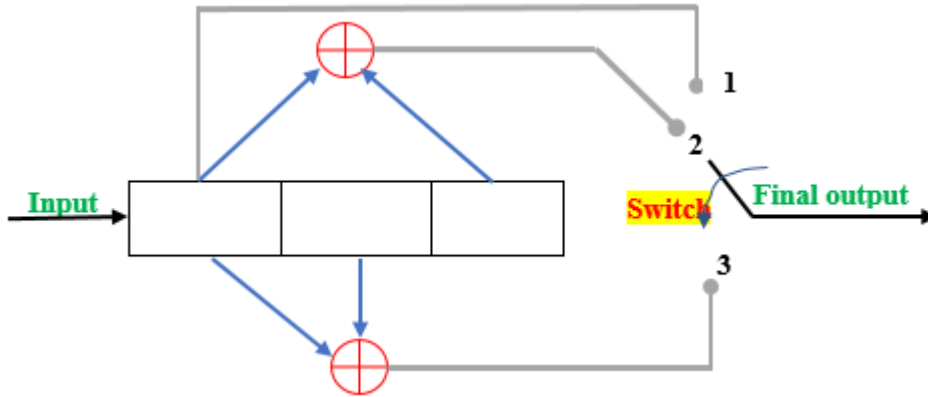


**Q13.** Consider the convolutional encoder shown in below figure:

- Write connection vectors & polynomials for this encoder
- Draw the state diagram, tree diagram and trellis diagram



**Q14.** For the convolutional encoder shown below, determine the output digit sequence for the data digits 110101100



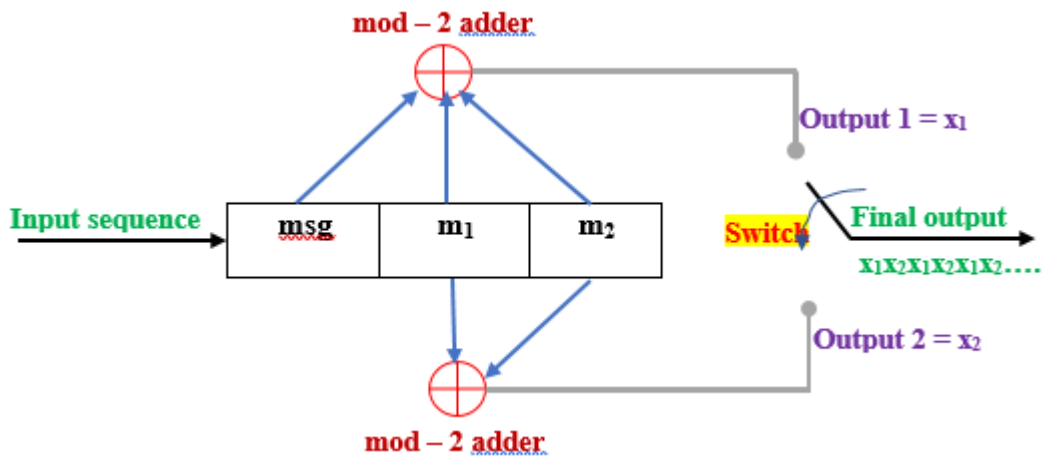
**Q15.** Draw the state diagram, tree diagram and trellis diagram for the  $L = 3$ , rate  $1/3$  code generated by:

$$g_1(X) = X + X^2$$

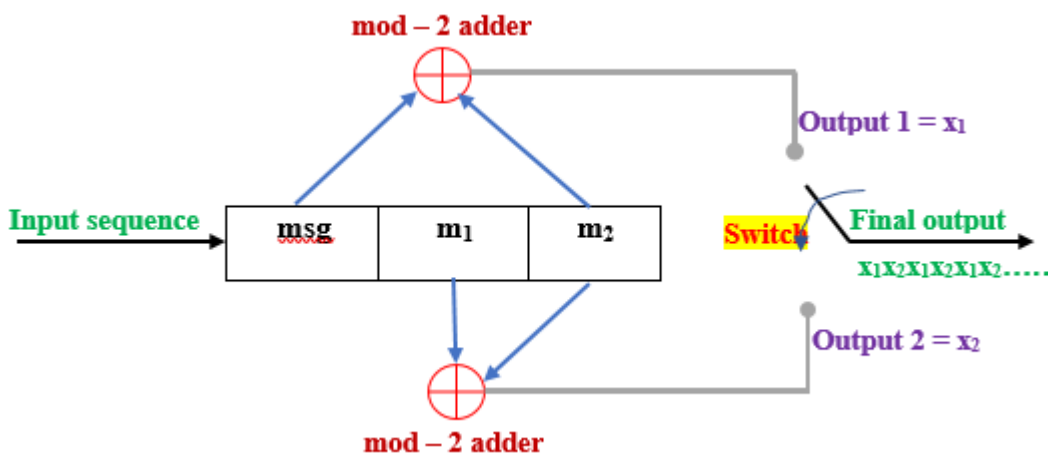
$$g_2(X) = 1 + X$$

$$g_3(X) = 1 + X + X^2$$

**Q16.** Draw the state diagram, tree diagram and trellis diagram for the convolutional encoder characterised by the below block diagram.



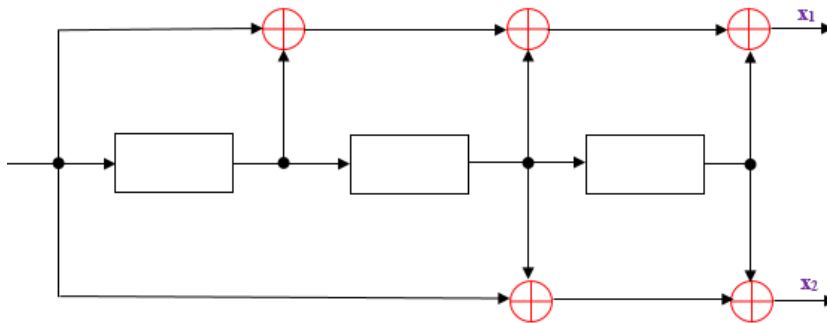
**Q17.** Consider the convolutional encoder shown in below figure:



- write the connection vectors and polynomials for this encoder
- Draw the state diagram, tree diagrams and trellis diagrams

**Q18.** What is the impulse response of the encoder above problem? Using the impulse response, determine the output sequence when the input is 101. Verify by using the generator polynomials.

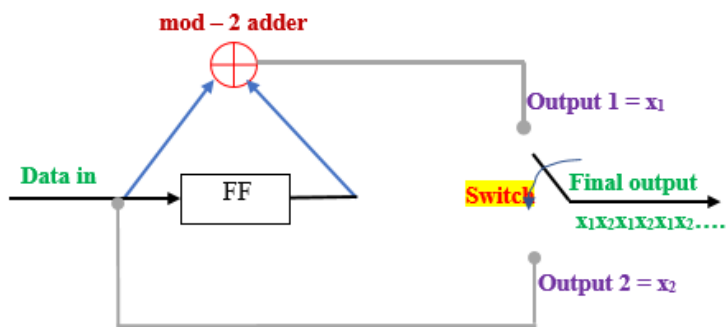
**Q19.** Consider the rate  $r = \frac{1}{2}$  convolutional encoder illustrated in fig below. Find the generator polynomial  $G(D)$ .



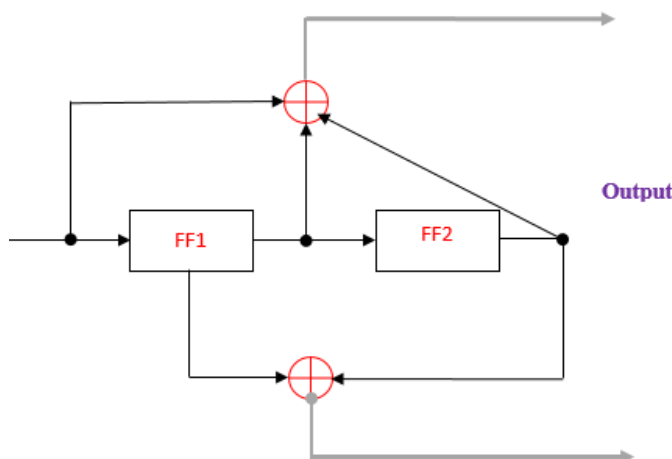
**Q20.**  $g^{(1)} = (1, 1, 1)$   
 $g^{(2)} = (1, 0, 1)$   
 Let message sequence = 10011. Find the convolutional codes for given message input.

**Q21.** A convolutional encoder has a single shift register with two stages (i.e., constraint length  $K = 3$ ), three mod-2 adders and an output multiplexer. The generator sequences of the encoder as follows:  
 $g^{(1)} = (1, 0, 1)$        $g^{(2)} = (1, 1, 0)$        $g^{(3)} = (1, 1, 1)$   
 Draw the block diagram of the encoder.

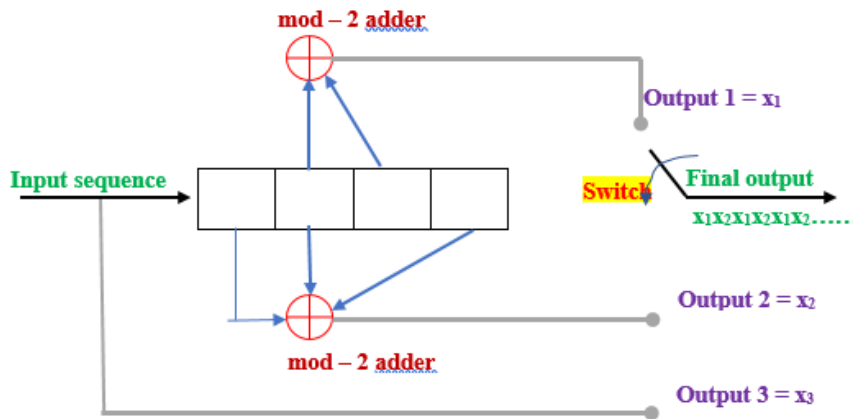
**Q22.** Consider the rate  $r = \frac{1}{2}$ , constraint length  $K = 2$  convolutional encoder below. The code is systematic. Find the encoder output produced by the message sequence 10111.....



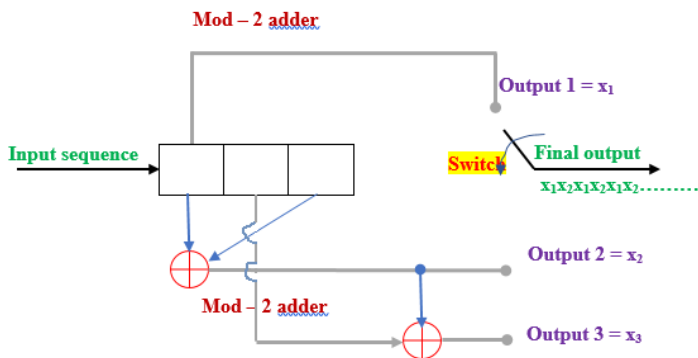
**Q23.** The  $(2, 1, 2)$  convolutional encoder can be expressed as 2 generator polynomials with  $G_1(D) = 1 + D + D^2$  and  $G_2(D) = 1 + D^2$ . Let the message sequence = 110111001000. Find output.



**Q24.** Determine the output from the encoder of figure below for message i/p of M = (1101011110000.....)



**Q25.** The block diagram of a binary convolutional encoder is shown below:



- Find the state diagram for the code
- Find trellis diagram

**Q26.** A convolutional code is described by

$$g_1 = [1 \ 0 \ 0]$$

$$g_2 = [1 \ 0 \ 1]$$

$$g_3 = [1 \ 1 \ 1]$$

- Draw the encoder corresponding to this code
- Draw the state transition diagram for this code

**Q27.** Repeat above question for

$$g_1 = [1 \ 1 \ 0]$$

$$g_2 = [1 \ 0 \ 1]$$

$$g_3 = [1 \ 1 \ 1]$$

**Q28.** Below figure shows the encoder for a rate  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $K = 4$  convolutional encoder. Determine the encoder output produced by the message sequence 10111

